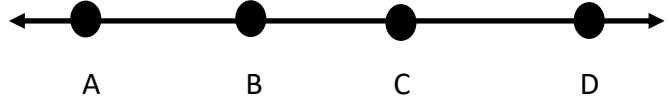


Given: $AB = CD$

Prove: $AC = BD$



Statements

Reasons

1) $AB = CD$

1)

2) $BC = BC$

2)

3) $AB + BC = AB + BC$

3)

4) $AB + BC = CD + BC$

4)

5) $AC = AB + BC$
 $BD = BC + CD$

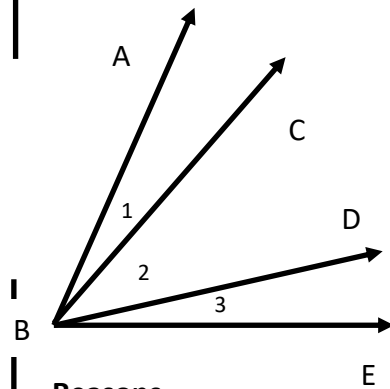
5)

6) $AC = BD$

6)

Given: $m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$

Prove: $m\angle ABD = m\angle CBE$



Statements

Reasons

1) $m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$

1)

2) $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 = m\angle 3 + m\angle 2$

2)

3) $m\angle ABD = m\angle 1 + m\angle 2$
 $m\angle CBE = m\angle 3 + m\angle 2$

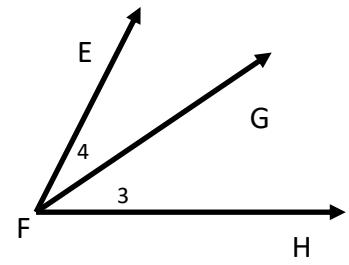
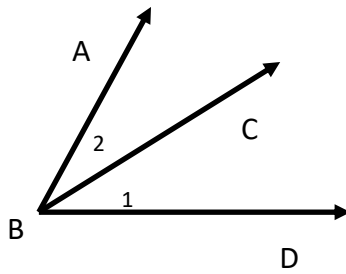
3)

4) $m\angle ABD = m\angle CBE$

4)

Given: $m\angle ABD = m\angle EFH$
 $m\angle 2 = m\angle 4$

Prove: $m\angle 1 = m\angle 3$



Statements

1) $m\angle ABD = m\angle EFH$
 $m\angle 2 = m\angle 4$

2)

3)

4)

5)

Reasons

1)

2) Angle Addition Postulate

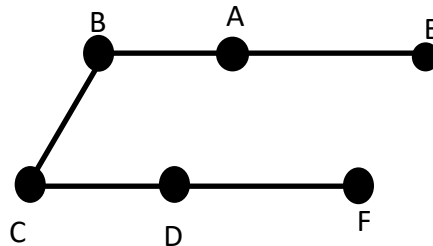
3) Substitution Property

4) Substitution Property

5) Subtraction Property

Given: $BA = BC, BC = CD, AE = DF$

Prove: $BE = CF$



Statements

1)

2) $BA = CD$

3)

4) $BE = CD + AE$

5) $BE = CD + DF$

6)

Reasons

1)

2)

3) Segment Addition Postulate

4)

5)

6)